

BRAKE FLUID BLEEDING

HINT:

If any work is done on the brake system or if air is suspected in the brake lines, bleed the air from the system.

BR04H-03

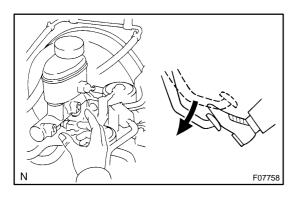
NOTICE:

Do not let brake fluid remain on a painted surface. Wash it off immediately.

1. FILL BRAKE RESERVOIR WITH BRAKE FLUID

Check the fluid level in the reservoir after bleeding each wheel. Add fluid, if necessary.

Fluid: SAE J1703 or FMVSS No. 116 DOT3

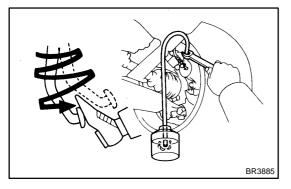


2. BLEED MASTER CYLINDER

HINT:

If the master cylinder was disassembled or if the reservoir becomes empty, bleed the air from the master cylinder.

- (a) Disconnect the brake lines from the master cylinder. SST 09023–00100
- (b) Slowly depress the brake pedal and hold it.
- (c) Block off the outlet plug with your finger, and release the brake pedal.
- (d) Repeat (b) and (c) 3 or 4 times.



3. BLEED BRAKE LINE

(a) Connect the vinyl tube to the caliper or wheel cylinder bleeder plug.

HINT:

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Begin air bleeding from the wheel cylinder with the longest hydraulic.

- (b) Depress the brake pedal several times, then loosen the bleeder plug with the pedal held down.
- (c) At the point when fluid stops coming out, tighten the bleeder plug, then release the brake pedal.

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(d) Repeat (b) and (c) until all the air in the fluid has been bled out.

Torque: (Bleeder plug) 11 N·m (110 kgf·cm, 8 ft·lbf)

- (e) Repeat the procedure on the previous page to bleed the air out of brake line for each wheel.
- 4. CHECK FLUID LEVEL IN RESERVOIR

Check the fluid level and add fluid if necessary. Fluid: SAE J1703 or FMVSS No. 116 DOT3